

FOR THE ENQUIRER.
Whigs of Litchfield County! On Monday next, we shall assemble in the several towns where we reside, to elect the officers of the State government—a duty at all times of a high and most important character; but never more interesting and important than at the present time. Connecticut is looked to by the Whigs of her sister states as leading off in the great struggle against misrule and corruption. Their eyes are turned to her, and await the result with intense interest. We have not forgotten the lessons which were taught us in the days of Loco Foco misrule, nor have we failed to contrast the present condition of our own state, (or as it was a year ago) and other Whig states which have been faithful to their own interest, with those states which, in an evil hour, surrendered their dearest interests into the hands of Loco Focoism. We have no means of judging, but by the past, and judging from the past, what have we to expect, should we again submit to their sway? We have had a Whig president in the last four years, and the Loco Foco have held the Executive power of our national government twelve years. During this period it cannot be denied that they have had sufficient time to redeem the promises which they made. But how have these promises been redeemed? They promised us a better currency than we enjoyed under the administration of J. Q. Adams. How have they redeemed this promise? By destroying the United States Bank of thirty-five millions, and then creating with that bank with more than three times that amount of capital; thus depriving us of a currency that was every where good—the best in the world—and flooding the country with worthless rags, inducing ruinous speculation, and ending in a destructive explosion of the Loco bubble of state banks. They promised that government office holders should not interfere in elections. How was this promise fulfilled? By taxing each a certain per centage on his salary. They have crippled our manufacturing, blasted our property, destroyed our credit, and yet have the brazen fronted again to ask the confidence of the public which was never received but to be abused. Shall we predict the answer which on Monday next will be given to their arrogant request? It will come booming over the mountains from every corner of the state, will reverberate through our valleys, and be echoed from hill to hill. No! No! You have been weighed in the balances and found wanting. We have tried you heretofore, and found you but heartless, time-serving demagogues; and as the burnt child dreads the fire, even so do we shrink and refuse your gracious offers. Such we think are the sentiments of the people of Litchfield county, and such are the sentiments of the freemen throughout the state. Every true friend of Connecticut will endeavor to advance her prosperity and foster her interests, and will support those men and those measures whose aim is to advance the same. But we have no confidence in these northern men with southern principles; men who, for the sake of an office, would barter their country's birth-right; men who value other men's tools to advance their own selfish interests, and when used cast them aside; men who for a morsel of postage would sacrifice their very friends, and sell the liberty won by the blood of our men for the property, and yet hypocritically profess to be his exclusive friends; men who make loud pretensions to democracy, but yet are the veriest aristocrats in existence—who are as insatiable for office as the grave for its victims; men who have sworn upon the altar of their party devotion to leave no means untried in the coming contest; who are endeavoring to poison the head and heart of multitudes by appeals to the worst passions of men, seeking entrance for missiles to assail their opponents. With these facts and these motives urging us on, fellow Whigs, our duty is plain. Avoid the men who would encourage division, as you would pestilence. Bury private differences and local questions in the common determination to preserve the government of the state from the grasp of those whose motives are selfishness and ambition, and whom you know to be utterly reckless who interests they sacrifice to the power to power a flock of political cornucopias who have already got a taste of the state treasures. With such a cause and such candidates as we have how can we be disappointed. And for the same reason, what is there to encourage our adversaries? We have every prospect of success. Then on Monday next let us show that we are worthy of it.
Wolcottville, March 30.

BLOW THE TRUMPET!!!
Whigs of Litchfield Co.—the only faithful sentinels to whom we can appeal in the hour of need! Are you awake to the importance of the approaching election? Have you given proper consideration to the principles which are to be supported by your next legislature? Are you equally mindful of the superiority of the Whig Ticket over that of the Loco Foco, in nearly all points? And are you ready to come forth and assist in securing their election? Don't answer, before the day of trial "if the weather will permit"—and after the election, say, "it was too spoken!"
The miserable and contemptible acts of our legislature are of too aggravating a character, for any Whig to even dream of submitting to further catastrophes of that nature, for at least one generation to come! We have been compelled to succumb to John Tyler's government, but we are not obliged to swallow further Loco Foco government in Connecticut; and if the Whigs of this county and state but say the word, and obey the order, the distinguished cohort of Loco Focoism will have to sound the retreat! Will you then, give them the signal! If you deem it expedient, and there is no mistake but that you deem it so, give them a blast from your trumpets as will forever frighten them from their folly! We don't want any more Loco Foco State Officers, at least such as we were scourged with last year, or Loco Foco legislatures! Neither will we have them! The rod is in our own hand, and won't we use it? Hark! the ballot-box already groans in anticipation of the pressure of Whig votes? But what instrument would not undergo torture at the idea of gauging Toryism? Disappoint the Loco Foco, but sh! don't disappoint yourselves and the ballot box! Give 'em occasion for a sail up Salt River, by Moon and Comet light! Certainly no other light is dark enough for their service! Such services too, as have been fully rendered! Blow the war horn! never mind the big gun! To ship 'em is glory enough for one day!! "Up with the plank," boys!
Respectfully yours,
POND WATER.

Mr. Editor—I observed in the last number of the Columbian Register a call for a meeting of the self-styled Democratic election of Woodbury, to nominate representatives, which concludes as follows: "Union, Harmony, Effort—every thing for the cause, nothing for men." This is one of the regular swells of the illustrious Judge of Non-residence, which means that his Honor is in a mighty tribulation he should not be elevated senator from the 16th district. He knows well that he cannot get the votes of the true Democrats of Woodbury. The seal of the seal of the party will oppose him. They have known him too long, and watched him too closely, not to appreciate his motives and objects of all his political movements. They are to be found in a heart of supreme selfishness, which never throbs for an instant in union with generous and patriotic emotions. Does he suppose that any true Democrat can be hounded into the support of such a mountain of intrigue and chicanery, as this modern Sir John Falstaff? Why should we of Woodbury? How should we be concerned about these days? What is the price current of selling estates, at the south end of this county? Do they correspond with a little generous practice which you obtained a few years ago from a certain quarter? No matter; every thing for the cause, and nothing for men." "Why not have put his nomination for the principle of the call for a meeting, and then the principle of the call would have been fully carried out. The Judge of Non-residence! Senator! "nothing for men." Mr. Locomotive, you can go it while you are young, and when you get into the Senate, just let us know it.
Woodbury, March 30. Red Doves.

A friend in Fairfield county writes to the Palladium, as follows:
"Our candidate for Congress is safe. Our country will show a great improvement upon last year—and I hear very encouraging things from Litchfield county. John Cotton Smith's warlike few days since, he produced an impression favorable to his cause. He concluded his speech with a parody on 'Cock Robin,' thus:
"At the coming election the Whig party will be annihilated, destroyed—then
"Who will call the bell
"I will call the bell
"Because I reduced them to a level,
"And I'll call the bell."
Judge for yourself whether we can

"The Pig Ringers" is the genteel name which the Bank Loco Foco of the New-York Legislature have bestowed upon the radical portion of that party. There has been a family quarrel going on for several weeks between the two branches of the party in the Legislature. The radicals denounce the semi-conservatives as men of principle according to their interest, and on the other hand the radicals are denounced as men of no principle at all. The Speaker of the House of Assembly, G. R. Davis, Esq., who is one of the semi-conservatives, is boldly charged with being a heartless and corrupt politician, ready to serve any party if by so doing his own interests can be subserved. In the course of one of his speeches, in reply to some insinuations against himself, Mr. D. gave to the radicals the name of Pig Ringers, which term took, and sticks fast; and no one now speaks of the ultras in Albany by any other name.
The quarrel is still raging; and our Whig friends in the legislature look on as passive spectators, secretly saying to themselves "dog eat dog." So far as we are acquainted in the Empire State, we are free to say that the Pig Ringers are altogether the most consistent portion of the loco loco party.

The Albany Evening Journal states that the Hon. Silas Wright has arrived in that city from Washington, and already definitely settled the next Presidential question. After intriguing around for a day or two, he gathered the loco loco members of the legislature around him in solemn conclave, and gave his assurance "that Mr. Van Buren's nomination by the Convention, and his election by the people, was certain!" Silas undoubtedly spoke by authority, and the other candidates and their friends, therefore, on receiving the news may well cease their efforts, and "hang up their fiddles."

ILLINOIS.—The Whigs of Illinois held a Convention at Springfield on the 1st of March, and resolved in a spirited manner upon an active election campaign. They favor a Tariff for revenue and protection, the Land Distribution bill, a restricted National Bank to regulate the currency and aid in the collection and safe-keeping of the revenue, and a rigid adherence to the convention system of nominations. The following resolution was received with loud and repeated cheers, and adopted with acclamation: Resolved, That HENRY CLAY of Kentucky, has the entire confidence of the Whigs of Illinois; that, as a candidate for the Presidency in 1844, he would be our choice in preference to any distinguished statesman of the Whig party; but acting as we do from principle, and not for men, we pledge ourselves to rally to the support of the nominee of the National Convention, hoping that the selection will fall on "Harry of the West," the first and dearest hope of our suffering country.

The Naval Court Martial having got through the testimony in the trial of Mackenzie, are now engaged in revising it, and will soon forward their decision to Washington, where its character will first be made known. So far as courts, civil or martial, are concerned, the case may now be considered at an end. Judge Betts' luminous decision against the jurisdiction of civil courts in the case, will probably prevent any further attempts to procure the indictment of Lieut. Mackenzie.

NO MAILS.—Owing to the storms of the past week, and the bad arrangement of mails on the Housatonic Railroad, we have received no New York papers since Wednesday evening of last week—a sufficient excuse for the lack of news.

We invite the attention of Liberty Men to the candid reply to the attack on Thomas B. Osborne.—Mr. S. M. Booth is evidently "a wolf in sheep's clothing"—laboring professedly for the abolition of slavery, but really for the success of locofocoism.

We have excluded some communications because they deal too much in personalities—and others because we can't squeeze them in.

From EVERY SECTION of the State, we have a GOOD REPORT. We know the numbers are with us, and we have good reason to believe they are ready to do their duty. A glorious triumph is certain to follow united action. Next Monday, then, TO THE POLLS! On to victory! THE DAY IS OURS!

OUR STATE TICKET.
The names at the head of our columns, for the suffrage of the freemen of Connecticut, are tried and true friends of the people. The name of ROGER S. BALDWIN, is itself a tower of strength. Not only his integrity and abilities, but the slander and abuse of his Loco loco enemies will be remembered at the polls.—Courier.

10 OR 20 VOTES MORE.
A little effort to bring every Whig to the polls, will make a difference of ten or twenty votes in a town. Is not such a result worth the effort? Try it, and you will elect the entire Whig ticket by a triumphant majority.

MOSCOW VICTORY!
The Loco loco have carried New Hampshire by some 500 majority! The Times announces, the intelligence in three lines! Where are the big type, neighbor!—Courier.

FRAUD IN COUNTING VOTES!
The locus in their Secret Circular say that frauds will now be committed in counting the votes, unless they are prevented by a board of "energetic challengers"—BECAUSE the Registry Law is repealed! Why then was the law repealed? Under that law frauds were impossible—and therefore it was hateful to the leaders of the loco loco party. Their circular exposes their motives.—Hartford Courant.

If the people of Connecticut rightly considered the importance of sending men to Congress, who will support the protective system, the loco loco candidates would not get one vote in twenty. Suppose we had sent free trade men to the last Congress? Our present tariff passed by only a majority of one vote in Connecticut, if given the other way, would have defeated it! In that event there would not have been a manufactory now in operation in the State!
Honest John Tyler made the following declaration on coming into the Presidential chair.
"I will remove no incumbent from office, who has faithfully and honestly acquitted himself of the duties of his office, except in case where such officer has been guilty of an active participation or by secret means—the less manly and therefore the more objectionable—has given his official influence to the purposes of party, thereby bringing the patronage of the government in conflict with the freedom of elections."

The Times in Pennsylvania.—The Pittsburg American presents a picture of general distress of Pennsylvania, quite as gloomy as that which was given a day or two since of Virginia. It says:
We find the greatest distress prevailing in many parts of Pennsylvania in regard to money, and within our recollection there was never a time of greater suffering. In many of the middle counties there appears a total absence of money of any kind, and the belief there exists that it has all taken its location at the two extremes—Pittsburg and Philadelphia. In many of those counties we are told that no debts are paid in money, or no sale made for it, and no promise of it given; the taxes remain uncollected, and that in some cases where attempts have been made to compel payment of these, no bidders were found, and when the officers attempted to remove the goods, they were quietly, but decisively, told to desist, and in a manner, and an evident testifier in the public mind, that ensured obedience.

Swiss Canals.—A Vermont editor appears delighted with the fables the women have adopted for wearing short cloaks, and says they are just the things for these hard times, for every girl who has outgrown her cloak, and every woman whose cloak has become worn at the bottom, or dirty, has only to cut off some

SELECTION.—We learn from the Redding, Pa. Democrat that the Rev. Mr. Griebeler, who was for some time past the pastor of several churches in the upper part of that county, suddenly disappeared a week or two since, having previously borrowed of his neighbor various sums of money. He had not been long absent when the reason of his sudden departure was discovered, and the fact made known, that a servant girl in his family scarce 14 years of age was the victim of his licentious passions. Griebeler was a foreign German and about 30 years of age.

LIBERALLY.—Mr. Amos Stetson, of Dorchester, Mass., has presented the citizens of that town with a spacious building valued at \$10,000. It is divided into two stories and a school room, and the rents of the stores are to be applied to the support of the school.

HORRID DEATH.—John Mitchell, Sexton of Trinity Church, Southwick, was found dead about ten o'clock, with his head in the ash hole. His wife had left him about two hours previous, building up the fire in the furnace, and becoming alarmed at his absence, went with her brother-in-law to look after him, when he was discovered as above stated. He was called in was of the opinion that the unfortunate man had stumbled, and was stunned by the fall, and when he pitched in the ash hole had not power to extricate himself, and so perished by suffocation. The deceased was about forty-five years of age, and leaves a family.—Philadelphia Times.

Slave Trade.—The first attempt, from England, to establish the wicked traffic in negroes, was the reign of queen Elizabeth, in the year 1562, when John Hawkins, an adventurous merchant, afterwards Sir John Hawkins, fitted out three ships, and made a voyage to the coast of Guinea for slaves.

About the year 1760 a meeting of merchants was held in Belfast in Ireland, to form a company for this traffic, and some progress was made in preliminaries, and certain documents in the case prepared for signature, when one of the number who had hitherto been a silent spectator of the proceedings stood up, and in a tone of solemn decision, and with the strongest emphasis, said—"May the hand that first signs papers for this infernal traffic be blasted by the God of justice—the God of the black as well as the white man." The meeting dispersed without signature, and never assembled again.—N. Y. American.

WHIG MEETING.
A meeting of the Whigs of the town of Litchfield was held at the Town Room on Tuesday, the 25th inst., when Erasmus A. Lord was appointed chairman, and Leman B. Sprague clerk, of said meeting.

It was also, in consequence of the inclemency of the weather, Voted, That said meeting be adjourned to meet again at the same place, on Saturday the 1st day of April, at 11 o'clock. A. M.; and all the Whigs in the various sections of the town be requested to attend, for the purpose of making a nomination of candidates to be run for representatives at the ensuing election.

ERASTUS A. LORD, Chairman.
LEMAN B. SPRAGUE, Clerk.
At a numerous meeting of the Democratic Electors of the town of Litchfield held at the Hotel of Col William Odell, in this village, Monday afternoon, March 27, 1843—STEPHEN DEMING, Esq. was chosen moderator, and Wm. F. Baldwin, Secretary.

A motion was then made to nominate suitable candidates to represent the town at the next session of the General Assembly, when O. S. SEYMOUR and ENOS STODDARD, Esqs., were unanimously selected.

The meeting was then addressed by some of our intelligent farmers, and the following resolution passed. That we request Mr. Adams to publish the above in the Litchfield Enquirer.

STEPHEN DEMING, Moderator.
Wm. F. Baldwin, Secretary.

MARRIED,
In this town, on the 20th inst., by Rev. Mr. Wells, Mr. Lorenzo D. Whitmore to Miss Abba C. Beach, both of this town.

In this town, on the 19th inst., by Rev. Mr. Day, Mr. Virgil Wilson of Hartington, to Miss Mary G. Wheeler of the former place.

DIED,
In Wolcottville, on the 14th inst., Charles Abernethy, infant son of George D. Washburn, Esq.; on the 15th, Owen Bishop of Hartington, to Miss Mary G. Wheeler, aged 5 weeks.

In Watertown, on the 25th inst., John, son of Mr. John M. Scott, aged 5 years.

In Bristol, on the 20th ult., Edward C., only child of Zelous C. and Beulah Grant, aged 1 yr. and 9 mo.

In Summer Hill, N. Y., on the 27th ult., of erysipelas, Miss Anna Baldwin, aged 59, formerly of Cornwall, Ct.

Litchfield Polemic Society.
REGULAR meeting at the Academy on Friday evening, the 12th inst., at 8 o'clock.

The address by Leman B. Sprague, Esq. postponed last week on account of the thin attendance, will be delivered. Subject—Ireland.

The public are invited to attend.
Per order of the Pres't, S. BENEDICT, Sec'y.

NOTICE.
I hereby give to the residents and non-residents of the town of Goshen that I will be at the store of A. Miles & Co. in Canada village on Monday the 17th of April from 9 o'clock A. M. till 12, and from 1 o'clock P. M. till 4 P. M. at the store of H. N. Lyman; and on Tuesday the 19th at the store of North & Richards in North Goshen from 11 o'clock A. M. till 3 P. M. to receive their town and highway tax on the Assessment list of 1843. All who neglect to pay on said days must expect to pay lawful fees.

JOSEPH WOOSTER, Collector.
Goshen, March 27th, 1843. 44*

District of Woodbury, ss.
Probate Court, Feb. 20, 1843.

ESTATE OF WALKER & KIRTLAND of Woodbury in said District, assigning debtors. The Court of Probate for the District of Woodbury, has limited and allowed six months from the 13th of January 1843, for the Creditors of said Estate, represented insolvent, in which to exhibit their claims thereto; and has appointed NATHANIEL B. SMITH and JOHN JUDSON, Commissioners to receive and examine said claims.

Certified by CHAS. B. PHELPS, Judge.
The subscribers give notice that they shall meet at the store lately occupied by Walker & Kirtland in said Woodbury on the 13th days of April and July next at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, on each of said days, for the purpose of attending on the business of said appointment.

NATHANIEL B. SMITH, } Commissioners.
JOHN JUDSON, }
All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to
JOHN MERWIN, } Assignees.
THOMAS BELL, }

THE Court of Probate for the district of Sharon has limited and allowed six months from the 20th day of March inst., to the creditors of the estate of LOVEMAN CALKIN, late of Sharon, in said district deceased, to present their claims to the subscribers, commissioners on said estate. We will meet to receive claims against said estate, the 1st Monday in June, and the 2d Monday in September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the house now occupied by John A. Allen, in said Sharon.

ALBERT ROWLEY, } Commissioners.
HORACE REED, }
Sharon, March 20, 1843. 44

THE Court of Probate for the district of Woodbury has assigned the third Monday of April 1843, at 9 A. M., to examine and adjust the administration account of the trustees of Woodbury Manufacturing Company. All persons indebted are notified to appear and be heard in the premises.
ALVAN MERRILL, } Trustees.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.
Elijah Hall's Ploughs
WILL be found for sale at A. C. Smith's in Litchfield; K. M. & Parkhurst's, Bantam Falls; Welch & Co's. Milton; P. W. Noble's, Hartington; S. M. Mitchell's, Plymouth. The above ploughs took the first premium at the ploughing match last fall, and will outwork any other ploughs in the state. The timber and iron are of the best quality that can be obtained.
March 10, 1843. 3in44

DISSOLUTION.
THE subscribers have this day dissolved Co-partnership, by mutual consent.
STURGES L. BEINN.
ALANSON NORTH.
East Sharon, March 20th 1843. 44* 3i

A Farm to Rent or Let.
WITH convenient buildings, situated in Torrington on Litchfield line that will keep 10 cows and team.
Apply to JOHN A. WOODRUFF.
March, 30th 1843. 3i 44

NOTICE.
THE Board of Trustees of the Litchfield Female Academy, will meet at the office of S. P. Bolles, Esq., on Friday, the 31st inst., at two o'clock, P. M., to receive proposals for renting the buildings of the incorporation, and for transacting any other business proper for said board.
WM. BUEL, Chairman.
Litchfield, March 32, 1843. 243

GREAT BARGAINS!
Selling Off at Cost!!
THE subscriber, wishing to leave town, will sell his entire stock of goods at cost, for cash, which consists of:
Blk. Blue Black, Invisible Green, and Blue B'd Cloths; Satinets, Cassimeres and Vestings; Giraffe Cloth; Corded Beaver; Flannels; Merinos; Mouslin de Laines; Challies; printed Saxones; Bombazines; blue and blk. dark and light, colored and plain Dress Silks; Paper Cambricks; Merino, Embroidered and Blanket Shawls; Gingham; Prints; Corded Skirts; Fancy H'dk's and Cravats; Fur Trimmings; Furniture Prints; Over and Dress Coat Buttons; Woolen and Cotton Carpeting; Linen Table Covers; Swiss Muslins; white Cotton Cambricks; Carpet Yarn; Italian Cravats; Satin and Bombazin Stocks; Irish Linen; Linen Cambric H'dk's; Footings, Insertings and Edgings; blue blk, blk and white Crape; Green Bage, and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention. Also,
Men's and Boys' Brogans, Gents' Pumps, Ladies' Walking Shoes and Slips, Children's Cacks.
Crockery, Glass and Stone Ware, &c. &c.
Persons wishing to purchase any of the above articles, or such goods as are generally kept in a country store, will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
A. P. CAMP.
Litchfield, March, 1843. 43

WARREN INSTITUTE.
J. C. HOWARD, M. A. } PRINCIPAL AND PROPRIETOR.
R. G. REYNOLDS, ASSISTANT PRINCIPAL.
Spring Term commences April 5th.
THE charge for Board, with furnished Rooms, Fuel, Lights, and Tuition, except for drawing, &c. is \$2 per week. Stationery, and all books used in the School, except a Bible, Webster's Dictionary, and grammars and dictionaries for the students in the languages, will be furnished for \$1 per term. Washing, extra. All bills payable by the session, in advance.
March, 20. 3in43
At a Court of Probate holden at Plymouth, within and for the district of Plymouth, on the 22nd day of March A. D. 1843.
Present, Elisha Johnson, Esq., Judge.
ESTATE OF BENJAMIN FENN late of Plymouth, in said District, deceased.
On motion of RETURN FENN and NEWTON P. WHITTELEY, Executors on said estate, this Court do limit and allow to the creditors of said estate six months from the date hereof, in which to exhibit their claims to said Executors, or be debarred a recovery. And this Court directs said Executors to give notice of the time so limited by publishing this order in a newspaper printed in Litchfield and by posting a copy thereof on the public sign post nearest the place where the said deceased last dwelt, in said Plymouth.
A true copy of Record.
ELISHA JOHNSON, Judge. 44*

THE Court of Probate for the district of Watertown, hath limited and allowed six months from the date hereof, for the creditors to the estate of Bethel Chauncey Garney, late of Watertown, deceased, to exhibit their claims for settlement. Those who neglect to present their accounts, properly attested, within said time will be debarred a recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to JOSEPH GARNSEY, } Executors.
LONDON GARNSEY, }
Watertown, March 18th, 1843. 43*3is

District of Watertown, ss.
Probate Court, March 17, 1843.
UPON the petition of Ard W. Warner of Plymouth in Litchfield county, shewing to this court that he is the guardian of Norman B. Buell, Lyman W. Buell, William A. Buell, Apollo W. Buell and Charles H. Buell, minors of said district—that said minors are the owners of real estate situated in Watertown, in said district—viz:—one piece of land situated about eighty rods northerly from the meeting house in s'd town, containing about two acres, more or less, with a dwelling-house and out houses on the same, bounded north on Elam Beardslee's land, east on Shatt's turnpike road, south and west on John Morris's land, which estate came to the said minors by descent from their father, Augustus O. Buell, late of s'd Watertown deceased, and is subject to dower, and likewise to a claim of the administrators of s'd deceased, of three hundred and twenty-five dollars, and is owned by the said minors in equal portions, in common and undivided, and (the whole interest of s'd minors in s'd estate,) is of about the value of one thousand dollars—that s'd estate is unproductive to s'd minors, and that it will be for their benefit to sell the same and invest the avails according to law,—and praying for liberty to sell s'd estate, as per petition on file: It is ordered by this court, that s'd Guardian give notice, of s'd application, by causing the same to be published in a newspaper printed in Litchfield in Litchfield county, three weeks successively, at least six weeks before the hearing, and that s'd petition will be heard at the Probate Office in said Watertown, on the 20th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the

CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHEN WARE.
Hartford, Ct. 62 State St.
THE subscriber, having purchased the stock of Crockery, Glass Ware, &c. at No. 62 State St., will continue the business as successor to SAM'L G. BOUGHTON, taking date March 1st, 1843. The patronage of former customers of the establishment, and that of purchasers generally, is respectfully solicited.
JOHN S. GRAY.
Hartford, March 19, 1843. 2in43

To All whom it may Concern.
THE subscriber will pay no debts contracted in his name by any member of his family, or any other person, without a written order, after it is date.
SOLOMON S. MASE.
Litchfield, March 20, 1843. 43

To Manufacturers.
THE subscriber will sell at public vendue at the public sign post at Hitchcock's Corner, in the town of Sharon, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April next.
6 bales (containing over 1500 lb.) Wool.
7 pieces Flannel.
1 cask (about 100 galls.) Oil.
1 barrel Logwood. 1 do. Copperas.
1 Carding Machine. 4 Looms.
3000 lbs. Oil Soap.
10 sets Wire Harness. 100 lbs. Selvages.
ALBERT SEDGWICK.
Litchfield, March 20, 1843. 243

District of Litchfield, ss.
Probate Court, March 16, 1843.
ESTATE of ADAM CARPENTER, late of Warren, in said district, deceased.
The Court of Probate for the district of Litchfield, hath limited and allowed six months from the date hereof, for the creditors of said estate, represented insolvent, in which to exhibit their claims thereto; and has appointed, Geo. P. Tallmadge, and Geo. Starr, Esquires, of s'd Warren, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust s'd claims. Certified by ELISHA S. ABERNETHY, Judge.

The subscribers give notice that they shall meet at the dwelling house of George Starr, in said Warren, on the 15th day of April and on the 16th day of Sept., 1843, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on each of said days, for the purpose of attending on the business of said appointment.
Geo. P. TALLMADGE, } Commissioners.
Geo. STARR, }
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
43 HOMER S. CARTER, Administrator.

District of Litchfield, ss.
Probate Court, March 21, 1843.
ESTATE of AMASA SAWYER, late of Cornwall in said district, deceased.—The administrator represents the estate insolvent, and prays the appointment of commissioners thereon.
Ordered—That commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of s'd estate be appointed at the Probate Office in Litchfield, on the 4th day of April, 1843, at 10 o'clock, forenoon; of which all persons in interest will take notice, and appear, if they see cause, and be heard thereon.
43*2i ELISHA S. ABERNETHY, Judge.

BY order of the Court of Probate for the district of Sharon, notice is hereby given that all the personal estate of HEMAN K. PARSONS, of said Sharon, assigned for the benefit of his creditors will be sold at public auction at the dwelling house of s'd Parsons, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April next, at ten o'clock, P. M., unless previously disposed of at private sale.
EARL M. CARTWRIGHT, } Trustees.
AUSTIN CARTWRIGHT, }
Sharon, March 13, 1843. 243

THE RATTLESLAKE GIVES WARNING BEFORE HE STRIKES.
THE most disastrous of all diseases to which man is liable, because the most sure and certain in its result, is CONSUMPTION! But like the poisonous rattlesnake, it gives warning before its final approach. Is not this true? What are COUGHS AND COLDS, in their incipient state, but the first notices of an intended attack? Does not the individual who goes about the street coughing and complaining—with his throat sore—his voice husky and scarcely heard above a whisper, in the first stages of consumption? Are not his LUNGS INFLAMED? Is he not warned? He is—a moment's reflection will convince him of the fact. Then a remedy is at hand.
PEASE & SON'S CLARIFIED ESSENCE OF HOARHOUD CANDY will arrest the complaint—soften the lungs, and gradually recover the patient. But it must be taken IN TIME.

Here lies the grand secret—a secret which cannot be stated too often to the afflicted. The common saying, that this or that person cannot recover, because their father or mother died of the afflicting complaint, CONSUMPTION, has its foundation in error. They may be more liable, but let them be more watchful of its approach,—in this lies THE GRAND SECRET. If they do not expose themselves, unnecessarily expose themselves, and guard every attack watchfully, they are as safe in this climate as elsewhere. Many people cannot afford to go to a warmer climate and pass the winter—therefore require some protection here. At the first cold or soreness of the lungs, USE PEASE'S HOARHOUD CANDY, and the complaint will be removed. Try it in time. Sold wholesale and retail, by J. PEASE & SON, 43 Division Street.

THE UNDERSEIGNED have used J. Pease & Son's Compound Extract of Hoarhound Candy, and freely recommend it to those afflicted with coughs, colds, hoarseness and consumptive complaints, as an excellent remedy in those cases, and for the use of the voice professionally, nothing can equal it. We recommend it to our brethren throughout the Union.
Rev J. LINDSEY, recent pastor of the M E Church, Second street.
Rev J. CRAWFORD, pastor of second M E Church, Hudson.
Rev Mr. LUCKY, presiding elder, New York Conference.
Rev Mr. WHITTAKER, pastor of Presbyterian Church corner Madison and Catherine.
Rev Mr. GIFFIN, pastor of M E Church, Bedford st.
Rev Mr. HART, recent pastor of Baptist church, Gold street.
Rev Mr. GILLIS, 111 Third Avenue.
Rev Mr. BEARY, pastor of Wesleyan Methodist, corner Grand and Clinton streets.
Rev Mr. LYONS, pastor of German Mission Church, Elder KNAPP and Rev Mr. MAFFITT.
One would think the above recommendations were sufficient to sell a ton of Pease's Hoarhound Candy a day, in this city alone, when the undersigned, in return certificates from ministers of the Gospel, many of whom have unblemished reputations, that would not believe them, neither would he believe through one should rise from the dead. The virtues of Pease's Hoarhound Candy, then, may be considered proved, as far as any thing can be proved by human testimony.

Dr. Rogers requests us to say that he has practiced medicine as a physician for 15 years. During this long period of his practice, he has used a vast number of kinds of remedies for colds, hoarseness, and that distressing complaint, the whooping cough, and he believes with good success as a physician generally, and after all he finds none so successful as Pease's Hoarhound Candy, and he recommends it to be universally used. N. B.—All letters post paid, directed to J. Pease & Son, will be punctually attended to.
For sale by S. J. Buel and R. M. Woodruff, Litchfield; Augustus Miles & Co. Goshen; J. M. Harrison Cornwall; David Gould Sharon; J. M. Franklin Canaan; Nathl Smith Torrington; T. Kellogg Hartington; Hiram Webster Hartington; Luke Haven Bethel; E. A. Grady Watertown; John A. Shepard Northfield; Lawrence & Philip Colebrook; Chas. M. Will Co. Windsor; Henderson & Co. R. Conley and Will Co. Westbury.